

# iOS 18 Privacy & Security

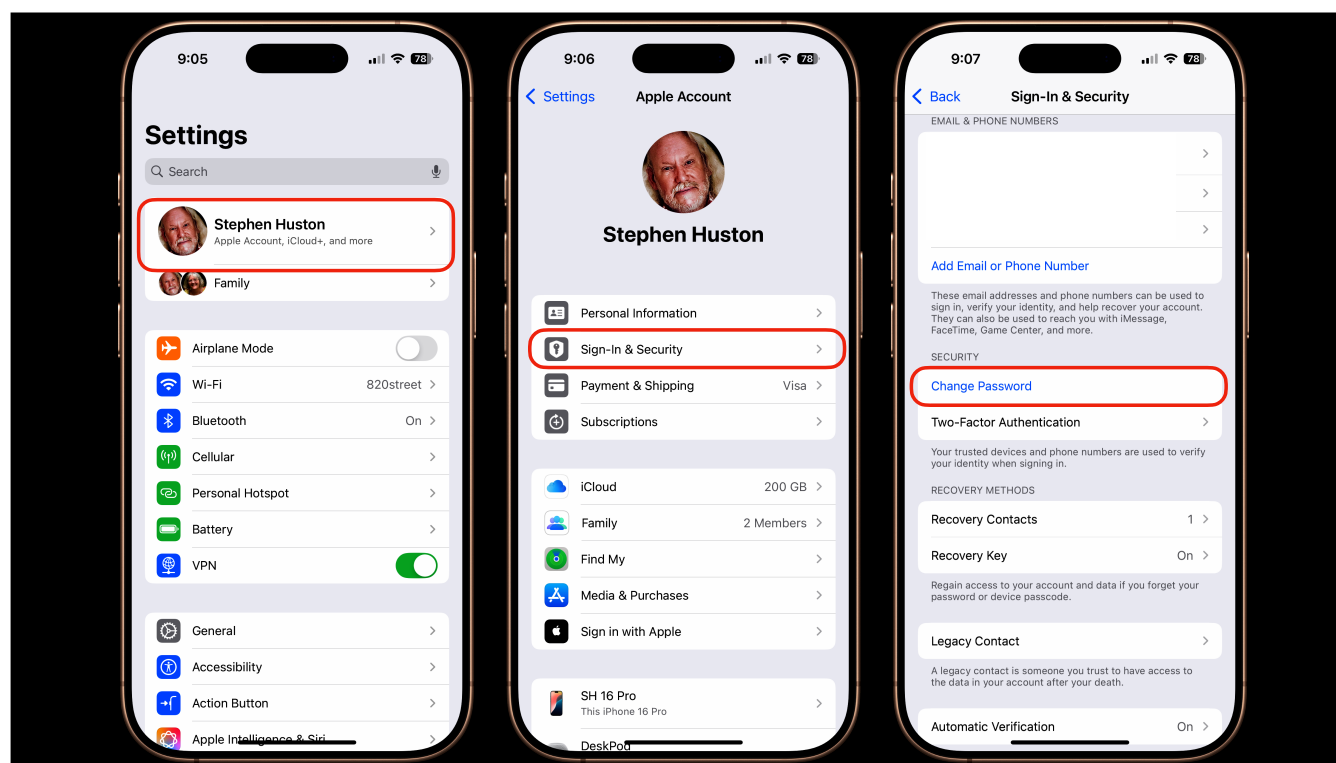
## A Guided Tour to What's New & Different

iPhone Without Tears ♦ February 20 2025 ♦ Stephen Huston



We have not done a full review of iPhone Privacy & Security Settings since iOS 18 was introduced back in September 2024.

We've waited long enough; Apple has pretty much quit fiddling with these settings now that they've added almost all the bits and bobs we were promised for version 18.

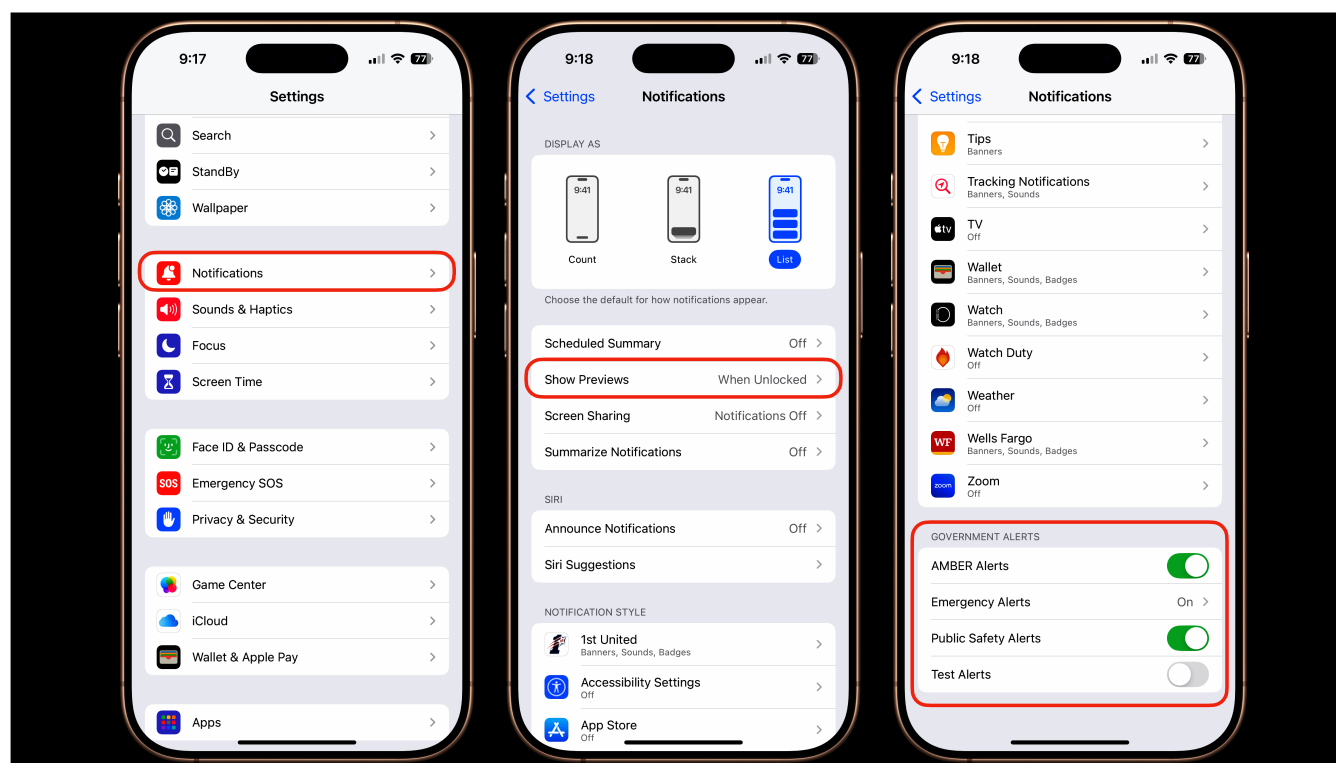


We'll start with Apple Account — formerly your Apple ID or iCloud Account — the topmost section of the main Settings screen. When you click on your Name in the Apple Account area it brings up the middle screen, with Sign-in & Security in the upper panel. Clicking that gives you various options, including the ability to change the Password on your Apple Account. Anyone who gets this far into your settings could hijack your Apple Account from you using the options available here.

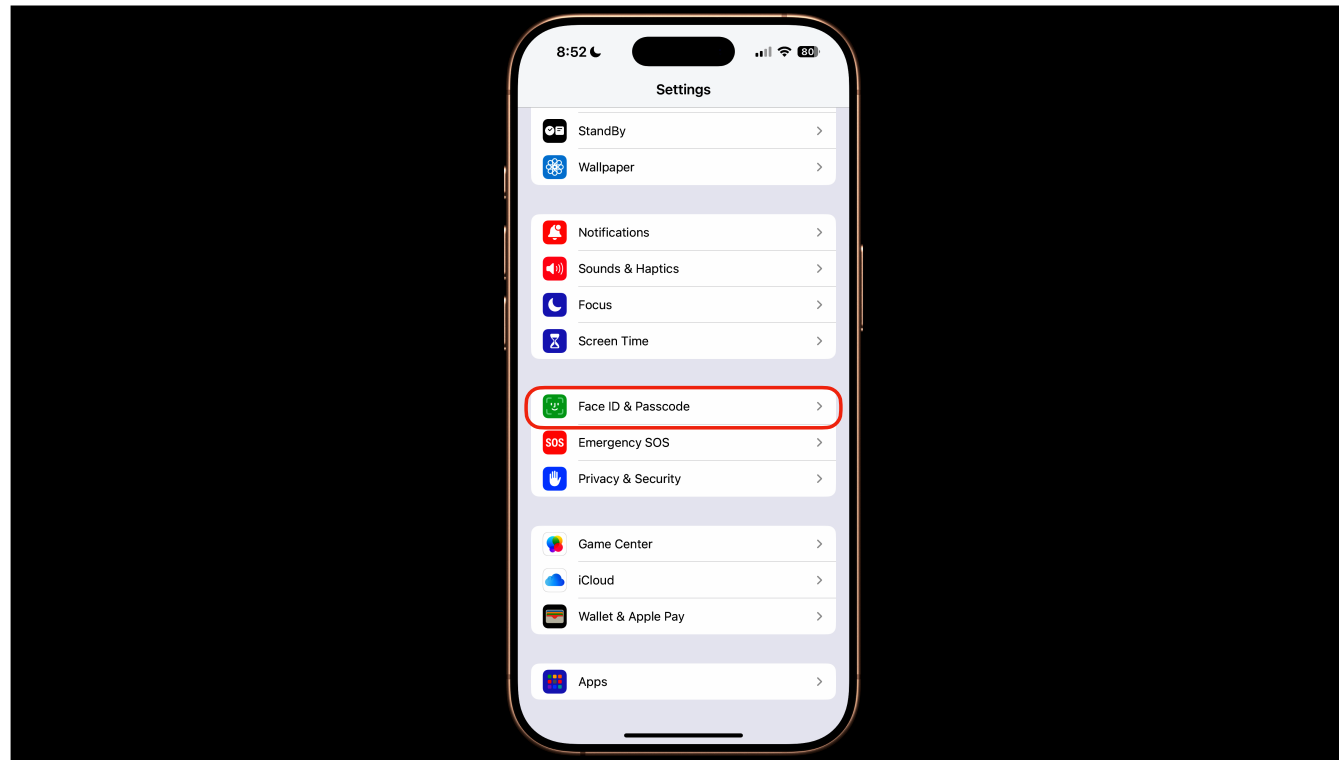




If you have turned on Stolen Device Protection (more later on that) nobody can change your Apple password for at least an hour, giving you that cushion of time in which to report your device stolen or lost so that others cannot use it to take over your account.



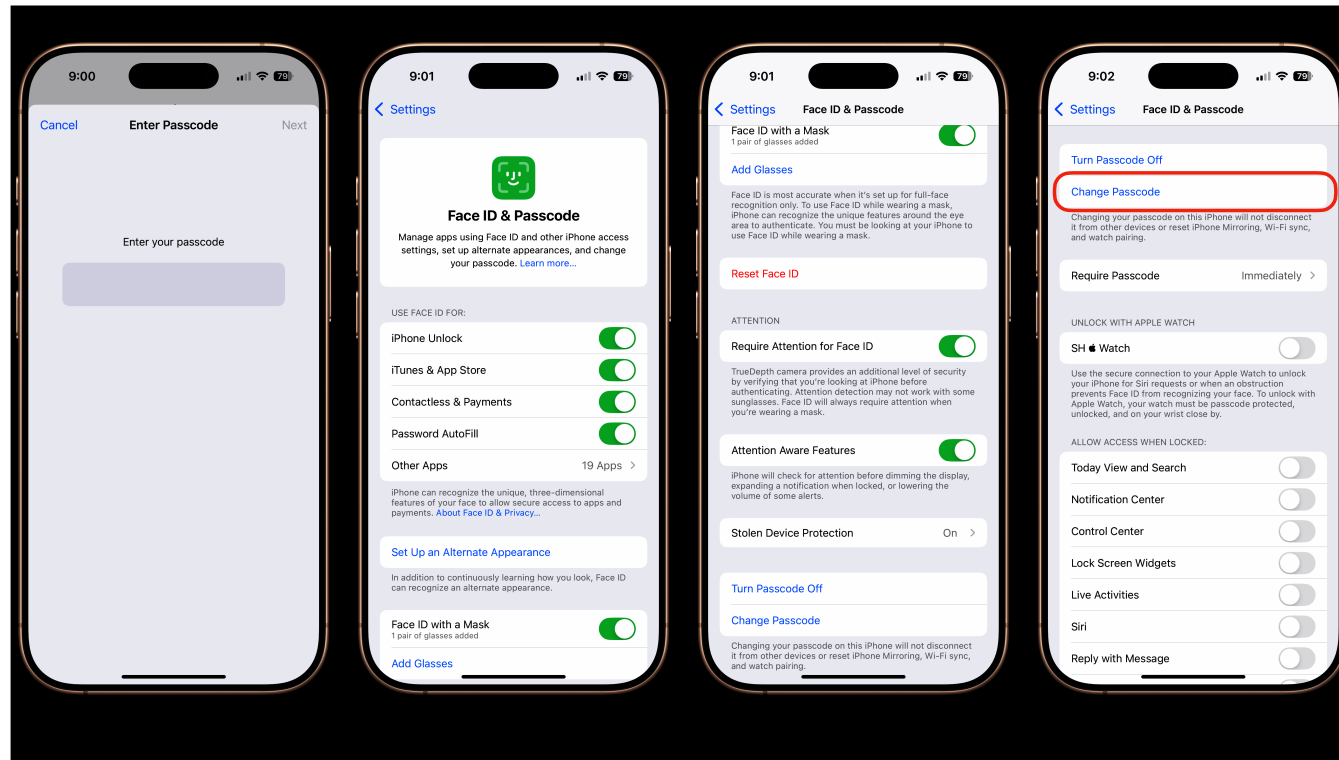
Back on the first or main Settings screen, the Notifications options deserve a look. You should seriously consider setting Previews of Notifications (center screen) to only be shown when you phone is unlocked. You don't want random strangers to see the details of all of your notifications, including personal messages and 1-time login codes, while your phone is still locked. You should also set your Government Alerts preferences at the end of the Notifications screen so that you get the alerts you might need in case of an emergency.



The next item of concern to us today is back on the main Settings screen — Face ID (or Touch ID) & Passcode.

It's the topmost of 3 privacy, security, and safety items in one panel.

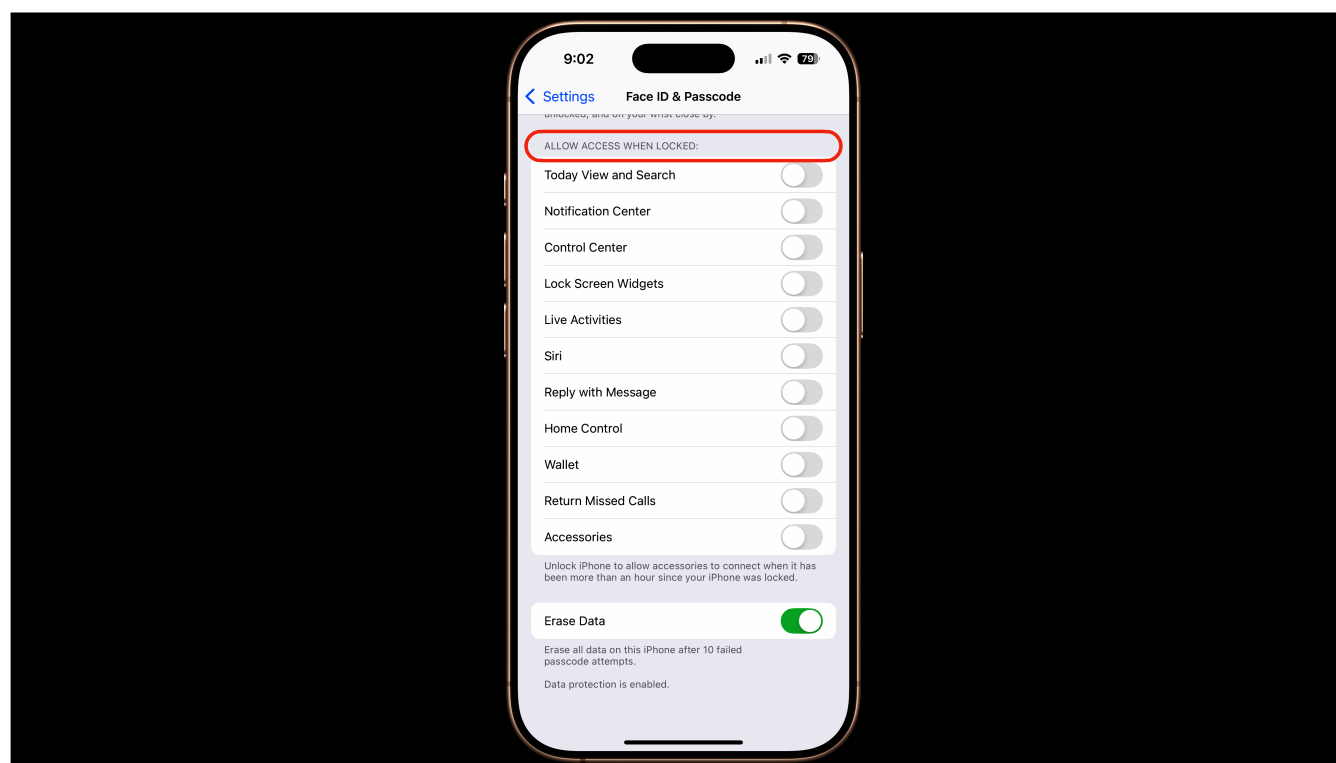
You will need to actually enter your phone's passcode again to get to the details behind the Face ID (or Touch ID) & Passcode Setting.



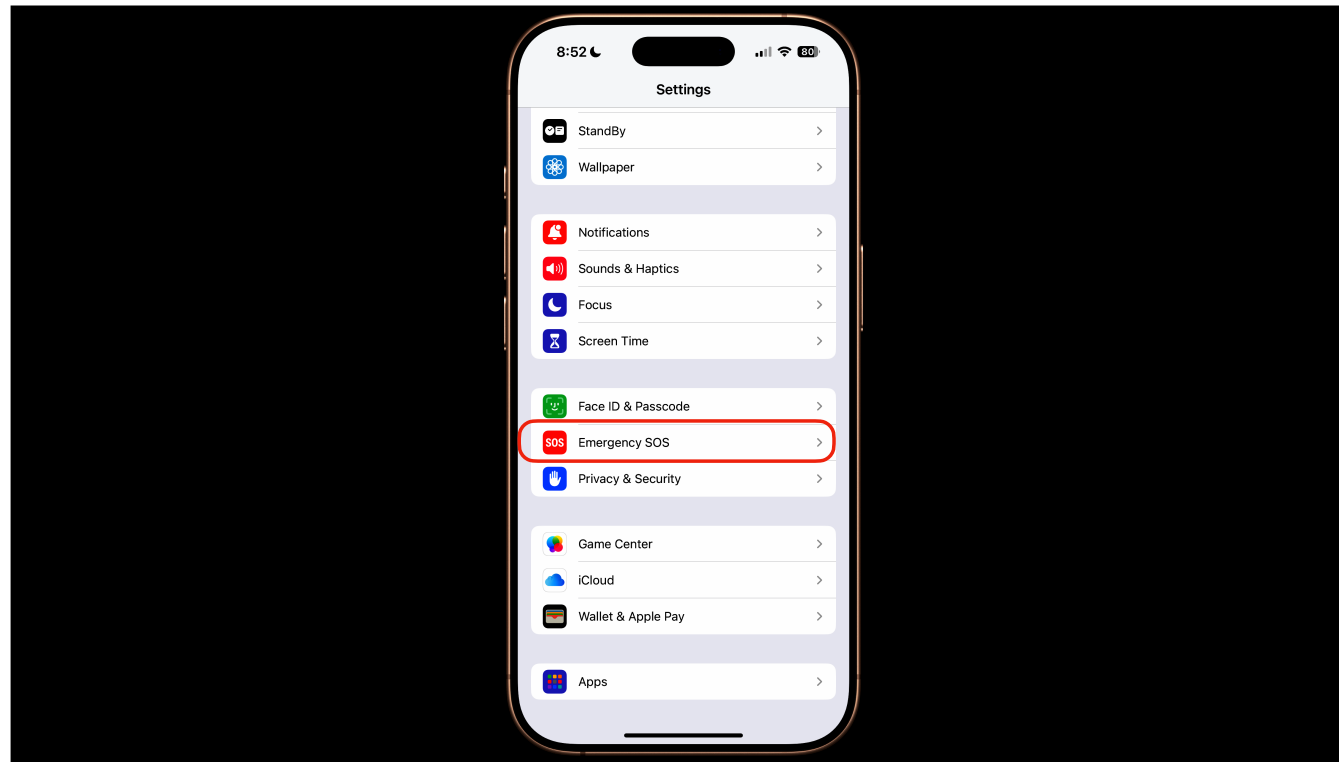
First you must enter your device's passcode, then you will see multiple screens as you scroll down. Quite a ways down is the option to change your passcode. If anyone already knows your passcode and can get a minute alone with your phone, they can go here to change the device passcode so they know it and you don't, effectively locking you out of your own iPhone.



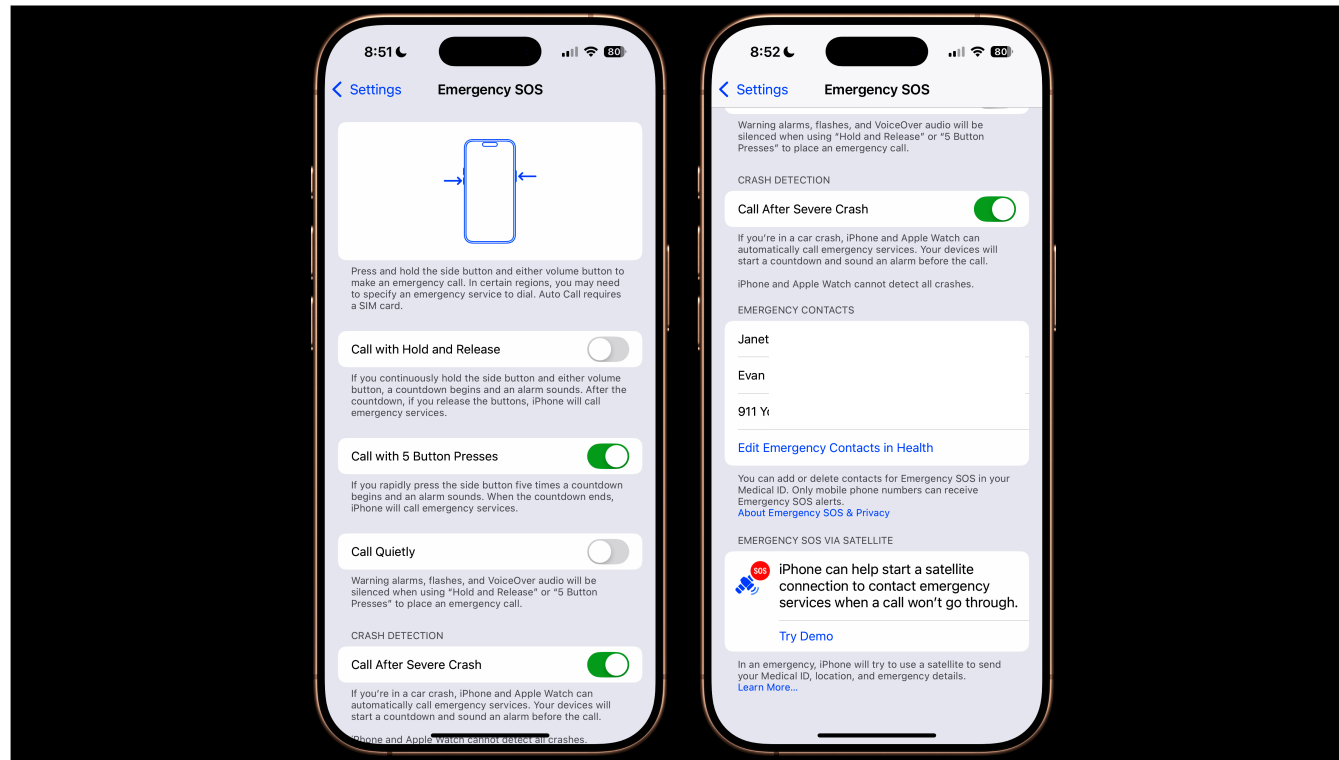
My iPhone already has Stolen Device Protection turned On, so there is a one-hour delay before changing the device passcode — stopping any bad actor from locking me out of my own phone unless they have long-term possession of it.



Further down the Face ID & Passcode screen is an all-in-one settings group showing which controls might be available on the lock screen of a locked iPhone. Remember that you can unlock your device in under one second with either Touch ID or Face ID, so there is NO REASON to let anyone have access to these controls or information while the phone is still locked. I keep all of mine toggled Off. Be sure you have a good reason for leaving any one of these public if you turn it on. The erase Data option is an additional protection in case you lose control of your phone. There is little risk of your phone being intentionally erased by someone entering the passcode wrong 10 times, because the delays to attempt a passcode get longer as more erroneous entries are tried.

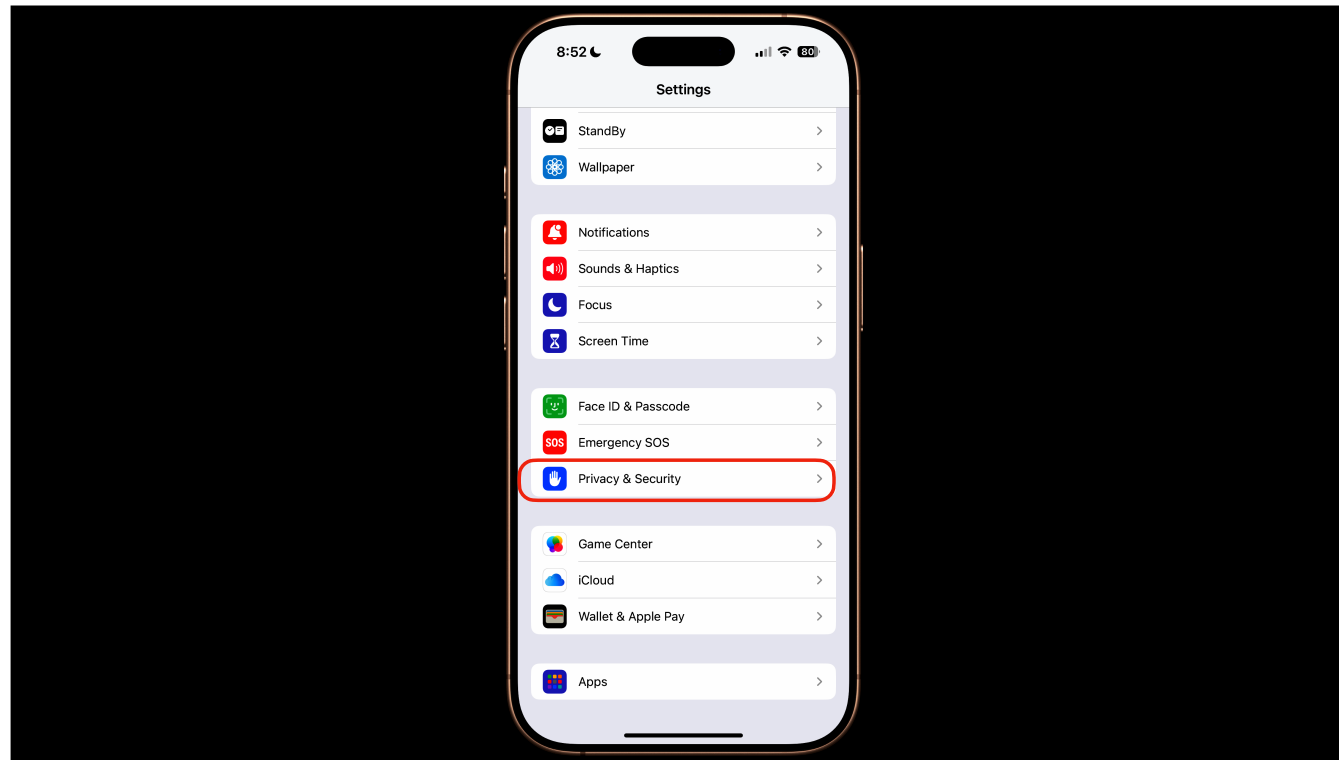


Back on the first screen of Settings, our next feature is Emergency SOS. This is for your personal safety, not iPhone or Apple Privacy or Security. Click [this](#) for information on enabling SOS calling and becoming familiar with how to use it.



There are multiple ways to trigger an SOS call, all of which will notify “local” emergency services that you need help without you having to dial the call. You can also designate your own Emergency Contacts who will also get a notice that you triggered an SOS call. This is also where you enable Crash Detection emergency calling, and you can test SOS via Satellite in case you are out of cellular or Wi-Fi range in an emergency. Learn your options.

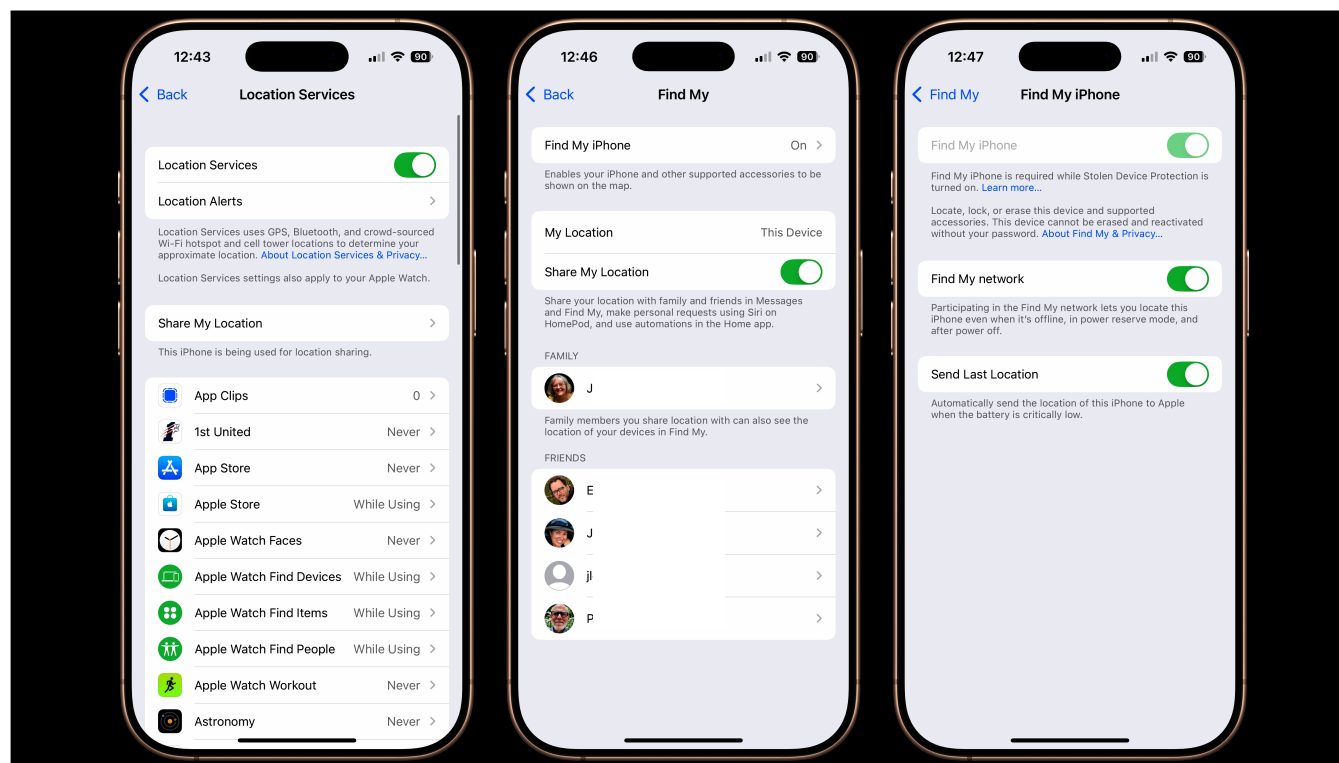




Now we get to the traditional heart of the matter of iOS Privacy & Security, the last item on this trio of protection settings.



I'm going to focus from here onward on the Privacy & Security section, a long screen which requires scrolling to see all of the options. Apple has reorganized this stuff to better group items. I'll take them in order as much as possible, starting with Location Services — the topmost options on the Privacy & Security screen.

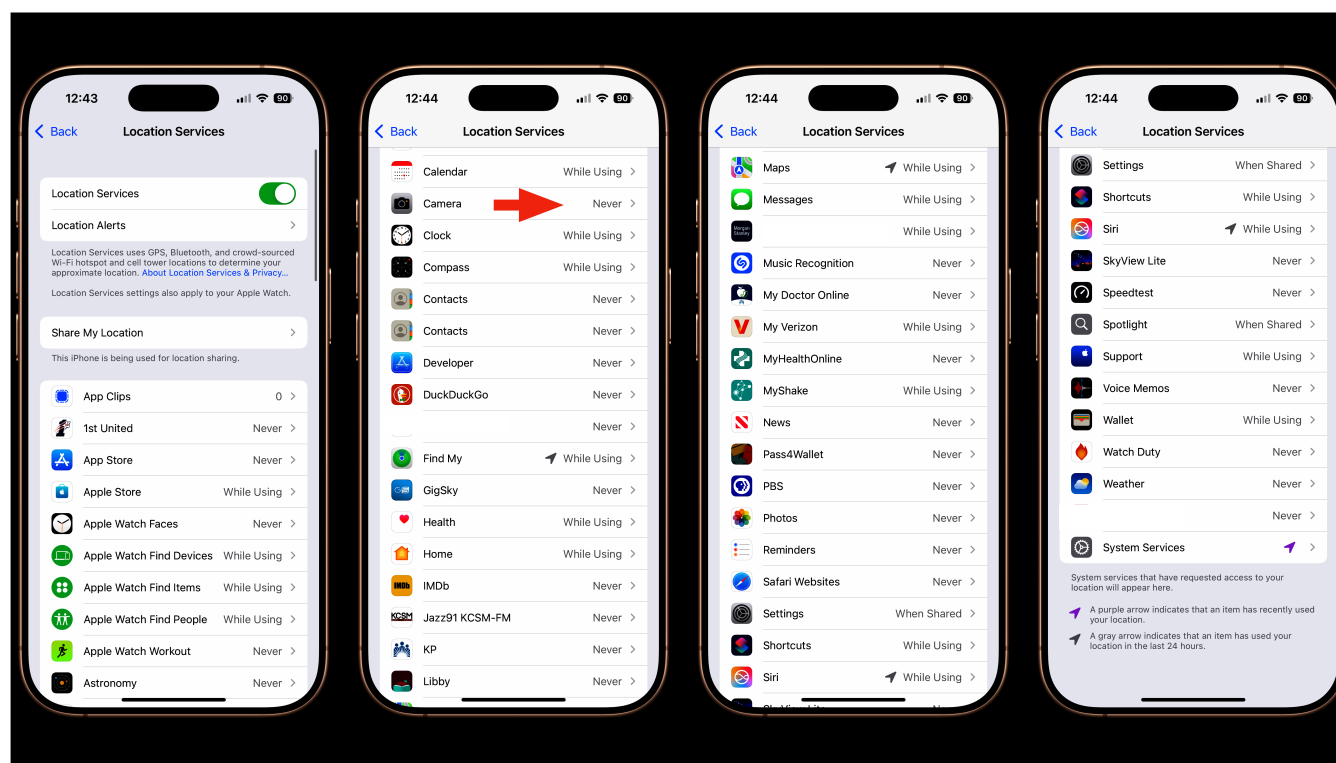


First, the top Locations Services button must be turned ON for your iPhone to work correctly. The toggle to turn it off is for dire emergencies, not everyday use.

Just below that is Location Alerts — a simple toggle to let location alerts show you the Maps. I leave that On.

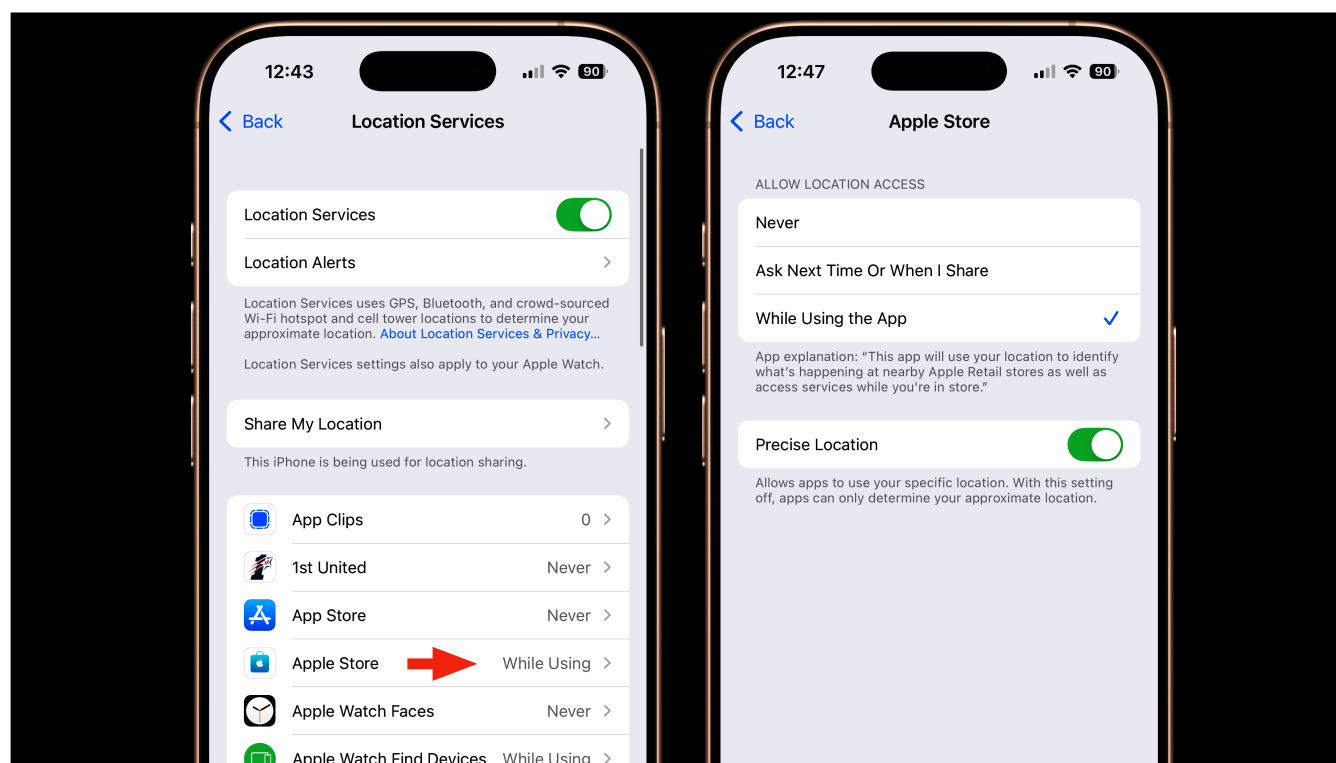
The Share My Location panel brings up options having to do with Find My iPhone and its own settings, and shows you who you are currently sharing location data with by choice.

You should have Find My iPhone turned ON unless you have specific reasons to disable this service.

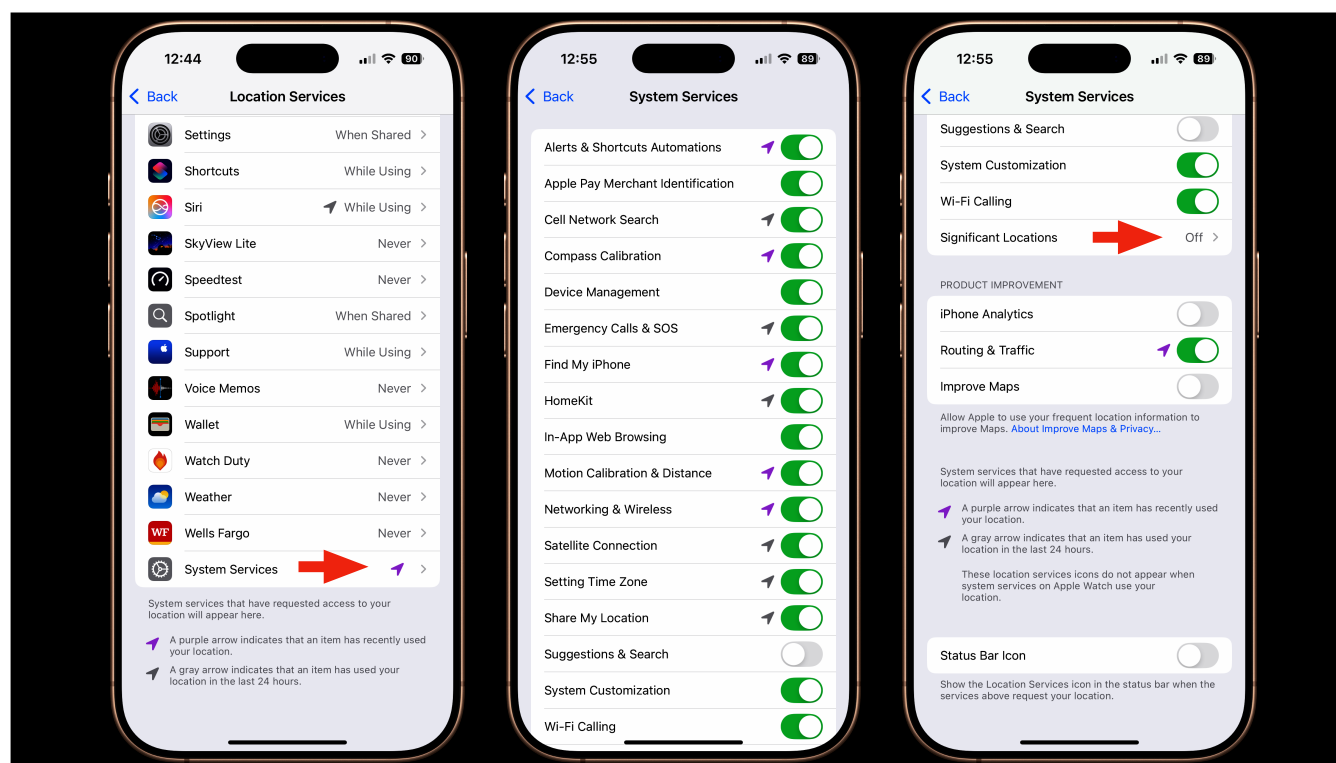


Here's my full list under Location Services. Notice that All of my location permissions have been set to either Never (my go-to choice), of, if I know a good reason an App might need to see my location while I'm actually using the App — the While Using option. I don't believe any App is still allowed to require the Always choice, and I quit allowing Always when the While Using option became available a few years ago.

Re Camera: If you turn locations services On for Camera, your photos will capture GPS location data and embed it in the photos you take. Your choice, but be aware of it.



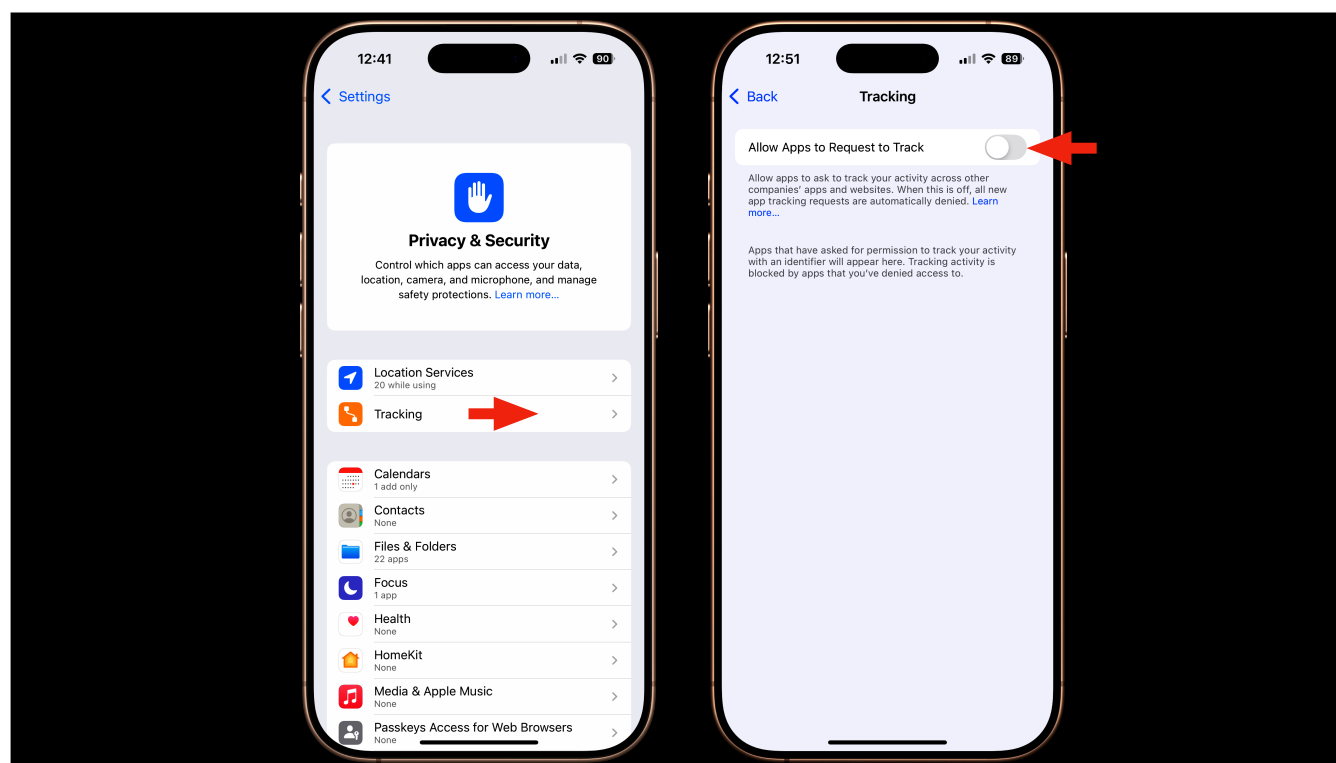
Here's an example of an App's possible Locations Services settings using the Apple Store app. When you click on the current option to the right, it brings up your choices. If you allow apps to see location data, you can also choose to reveal your precise GPS position or only an approximate location. Be sure to use your Precise Location with things such as Maps, or they won't work correctly. Allowing only the general location will usually identify your location only to within about a mile of you.



At the end of the list of Location Permission Settings is the Systems Services. This is a complex list of stuff which has to do with how your phone's OS uses Location data, including to locate the nearest Cell Towers.

I recommend you leave these completely as is, with one exception.

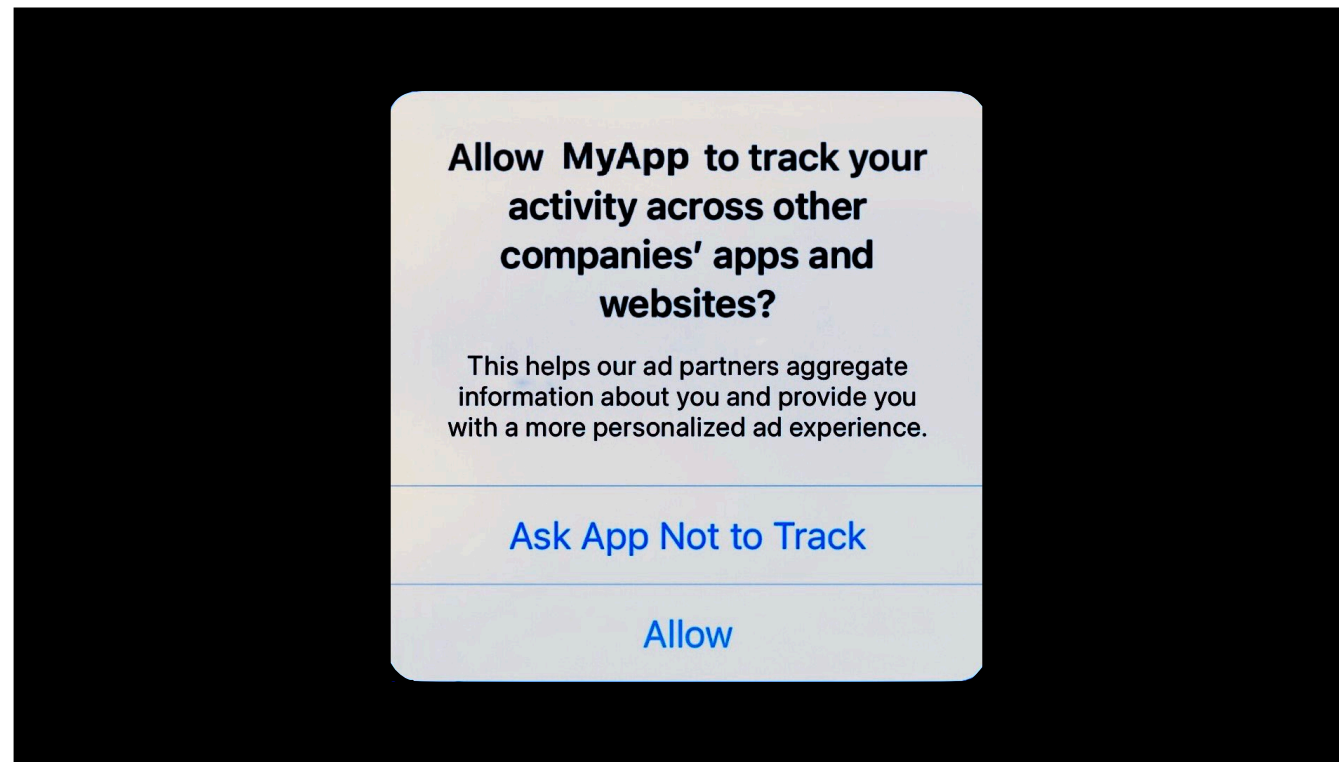
On the last screen of the System Services is one called Significant Locations. Apple uses this to track how often and when you go anywhere. If you turn it Off, Apple will stop collecting and saving that data. It will also guarantee that the delay provided by Stolen Device Protection (coming up later) can't be cut short.



After the Location Services stuff, the very next thing is Tracking — which, surprisingly, has nothing to do with your location.

Tracking is all about how you use your device, tracking your digital activity, such as websites you visit, Apps you launch, how long you use them, etc.

Third Party Apps love to track how you use your device, and not just from inside their own app while it's running. They collect every scrap of info on what you are doing and use to build a profile of you that they can either sell or use to direct targeted advertising at you. I keep this option Off.

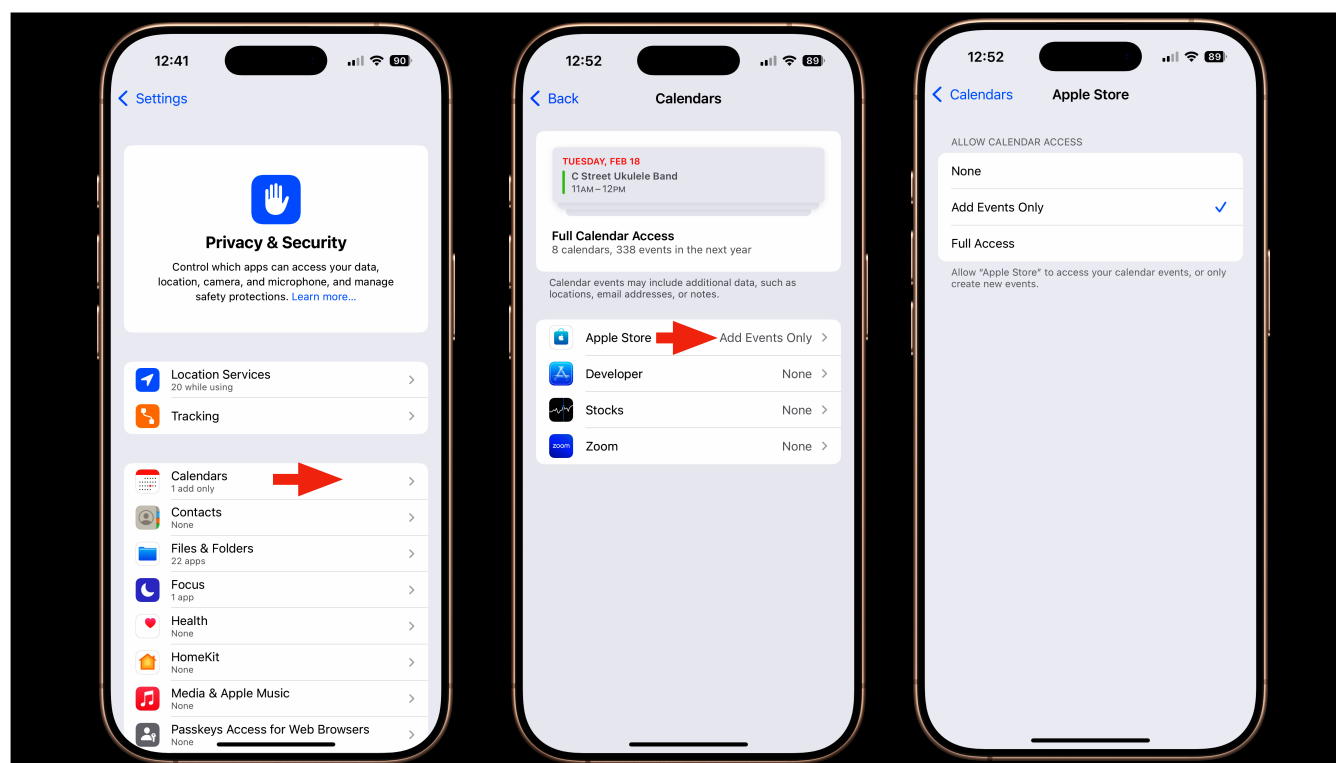


If you've ever seen this when you first launched a new App, it's what you are supposed to see if you let the Apps ASK you to let them track what you're doing. I have no idea why anyone would allow that now that we have the option to not even let Apps ask for tracking permission.

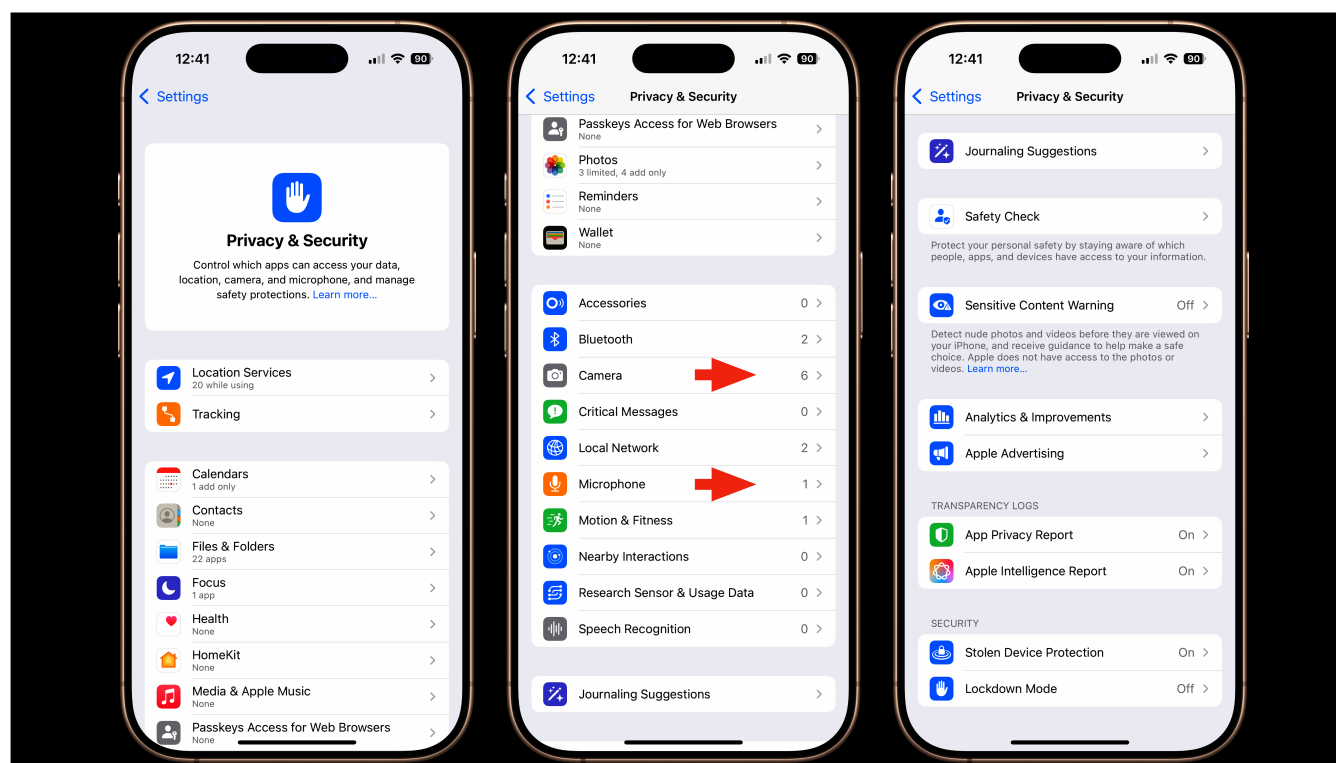
This is not a guarantee that some bad actors won't try to use an App to track stuff about you anyway, but Apple makes an effort to weed out Apps which ignore your settings for these permissions.

Facebook hates this recent Apple protection, and that alone should tell you that it's good for your digital privacy.





Back on the main Privacy & Security panel, we come to a long list of Apple's built in data apps and services, and the settings for managing which Apps are allowed to use what your iPhone knows about you and your activities. My first one is Calendars, and, when I click on it, It shows me which Apps I have that tried to access my Calendar and whether they currently have any permissions. In the case of the Apple Store, it has limited permission to add events to my Calendar — but it only does this when I ask it to, such as for a scheduled help session. If I gave it full access it would be able to read my entire Calendar of all events at any time. I don't want that for any 3rd party apps or even most other Apple apps.



You should check every one of the listed Data Sources built into your iPhone, and check any which show 1 or more items as having access.

Notice that the Camera has 6 apps which can read it, and I have been careful to make sure I know why each of them needs to use my Camera for tasks I use that App to complete.

Same with my Microphone. I do not want random third party apps to be able to use either the Camera or Mic without me being fully aware of it. Both of those sensors are ALWAYS ON unless my iPhone is powered clear Off, so it could be a big privacy or even hacking risk.



Also be particularly aware of the Safety Check option on the last screen in Privacy & Security. If you click this...



It switches you to the beginning of a process whereby you can either turn off all access and set it up from scratch using the Emergency Reset, or, a better choice — Manage Sharing & Access — to review your current sharing settings and let you make any changes as it walks you through EVERYTHING. This takes a while. There's a Quick Exit at the top right if you decide you just wanted to look at it without doing anything right now.



Near the very end of the Privacy & Security screen is the very important Stolen Device Protection, which I said we would get to.

This was a new option last year. Turning it ON imposes a 1-hour delay when anyone — including you — tries to change your Apple Account password — even if they are using your unlocked iPhone.

That means if someone gets hold of your iPhone and even has its passcode to unlock or verify it, they still can't change your Apple Account password or your device's Passcode for a full hour after they start the process.

That extra hour is to allow you time to use some other method to stop such changes and report your iPhone stolen.



I have mine turned On, and I would require the Security Delay always, but, since I've already disabled Apple tracking my frequent locations, my iPhone has no Familiar Locations to match.

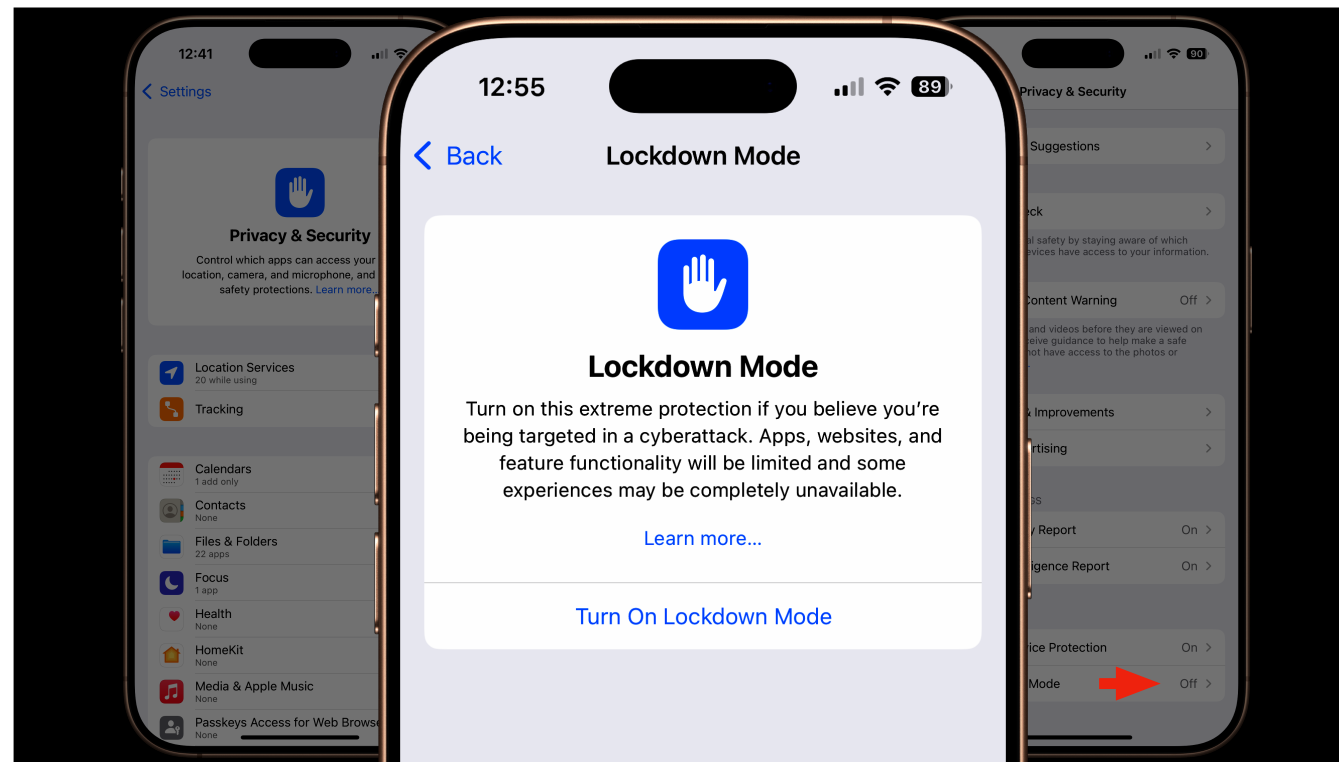
Always is the most secure option if you let Apple still track your frequent locations for some reason.

You need to be on a very recent OS version to enable Stolen Device Protection. Use it if you've got it.



And at the bottom of the Privacy & Security screen is Lockdown Mode.

This is absolutely another “In Case Of Emergency Only” option — designed for people who know they are likely targets of hackers, such as activists, dissidents, politicians, reporters and whistleblowers — but anyone is free to use it if they suspect stalking or something tracking them. Clicking on this...



brings up a simple screen to Turn On Lockdown Mode. If you turn it ON, your iPhone will quit sending out and receiving all kinds of signals that it normally would, and you will be safer in a risky situation where you are being tracked.

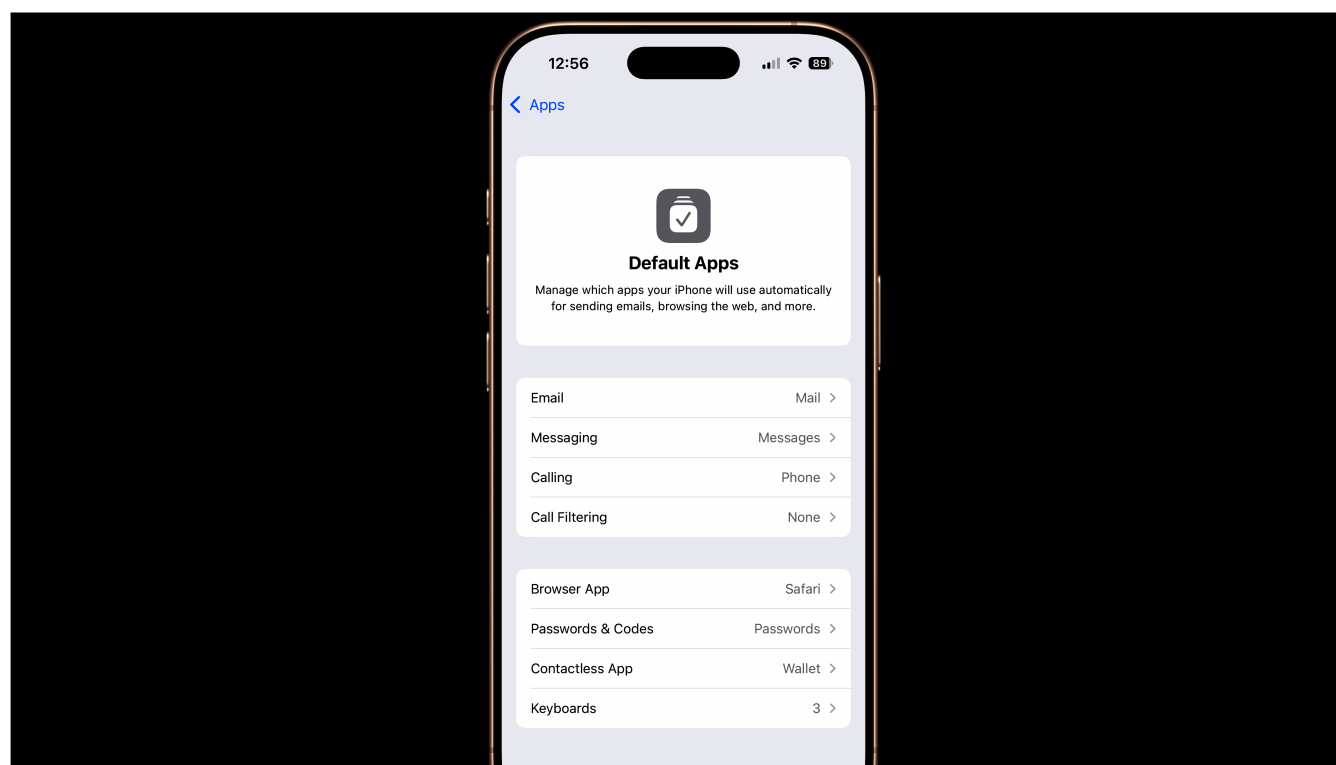
Lockdown Mode is not intended for everyday use. In fact, everyday use is not possible because it shuts down many normal operations of the iPhone on the assumption that you can't trust them at the moment, but you don't want to destroy your phone to stop it from being hacked.

This is for really risky situations, not just for better security.





And that's it for the Privacy & Security section of iPhone Settings in iOS 18.



Back to the bottom of the first or main Settings screen, you will see an entry called Apps. Tap that to see all of the installed Apps on your device in alphabetical order. Most of them have specific settings which can be dug into there. At the very top of the Apps list is Default Apps, which is where you can pick which App you prefer to use for email, messaging, making phone calls, and various other functions. Apple provides a built in option for each of these functions, but now lets you pick a 3rd party app if you prefer it. Only installed apps appear in your current choices. I strongly urge you to stick with Apple's own Apps for the best Privacy and Security, as they are fully integrated into iOS and don't send data to other companies' servers.



## Review

- Location Service needs to be ON, but
- Each App should be individually set for how it is allowed to see or use location information.
- Tracking should be OFF unless you want individually customized Adverts and your data being sold.
- Access to Apple Data sources needs to be checked & limited to approved uses.
- Camera and Microphone carefully set to only be used by Apps you approve.
- Safety Check reviewed
- Stolen Device Protection ON if you have it
- Lockdown Mode — know where it is and why it might be useful in an emergency.

Do what you can and then quit worrying about it.